

ПРАКТИЧЕСКОЕ ЗАНЯТИЕ №

Тема:

Медицинское образование в Республике Беларусь и странах изучаемого языка

1. Practise the pronunciation (прочтите термины):

pediatrics [,pi:di'ætri:ks]

anatomy [ə'nætəmi]

cardiology [,ka:di'ɒlədʒi]

gynaecology [,gaini'kɒlədʒi]

hygiene ['haidʒi:n]

obstetrics [ɒbs'tetrik:s]

physiology [,fizi'ɒlədʒi]

endocrinology [,endəukrai'nɒlədʒi]

psychiatry [sai'kaiətri]

pharmacology [,fa:mə' kɒlədʒi]

surgery ['sə:dʒəri]

epidemiology [,epi ,di:mi'ɒlədʒi]

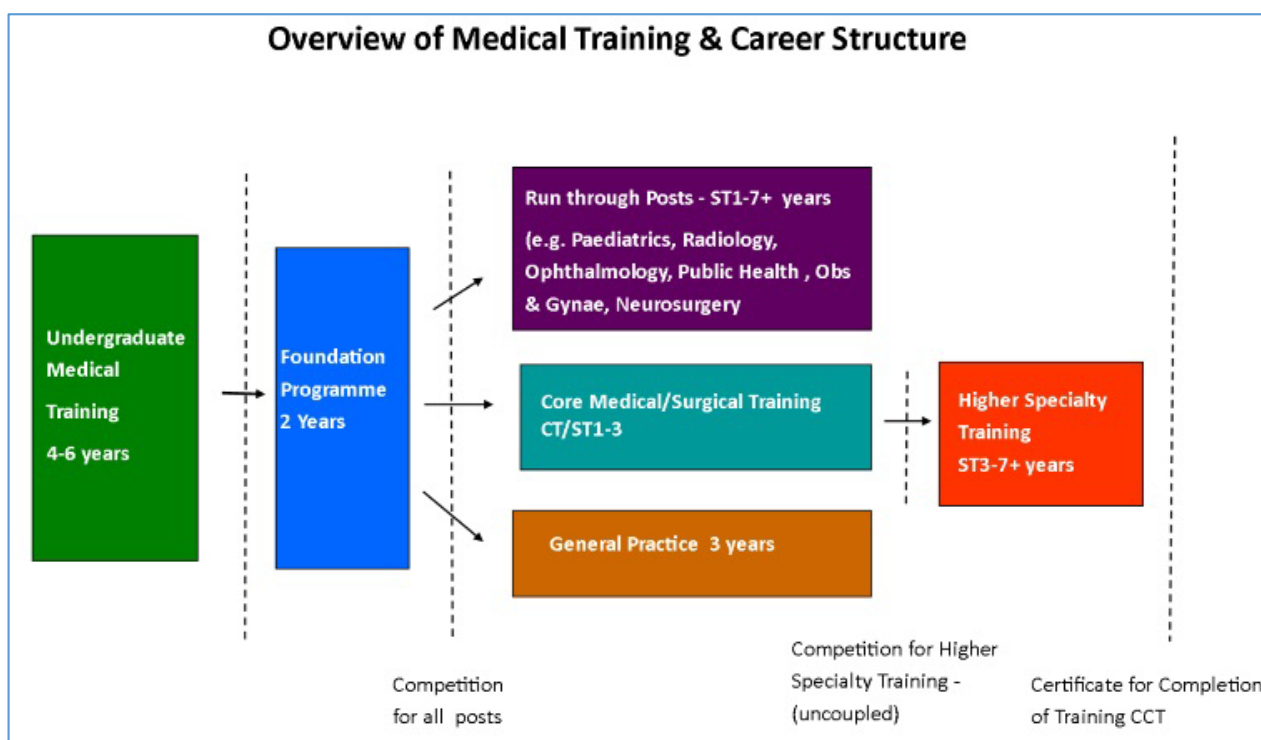
genetics [dʒi'netiks]

2. Practise the stress (прочтите термины, обращая внимание на ударение):

hy'gienist, ,epi ,demi'ologist, ,pedia'trician, ,obste'trician, ,thera'peutist, ,pharma'ceutist, ,gynae'cologist, ,Uni'versity, ,speci'ality, ,speciali'zation, ,scien'tific, ,aca'demic, se'mester, la'boratory, a'ssociate pro'fessor.

3. Read and translate the texts (прочтите и переведите тексты).

Universities in the UK



Universities in Britain are a magnet for overseas students. There are currently over 200,000 from outside Britain studying at British universities. The largest single group is Chinese students. The British government expects the total number of overseas

students to be around 900,000 by 2020, and also thinks that a quarter of these will be Chinese.

But why is the UK such a popular destination for university students? Well, the quality of the course is guaranteed. All courses are assessed by an independent system, so students can be assured that their course is officially approved and has wide international recognition.

The British education system is very flexible and cost-effective. Degree courses are usually shorter and more intensive than in other countries. Applicants normally need 3 A-levels, which are the exams taken by people leaving school at 18, in order to enter an undergraduate degree course. You also need an IELTS score of at least 5.5, but many universities offer access courses to prepare students for their studies.

British universities offer a personalized but independent approach. The emphasis is on creative and independent thought, which helps develop the skills graduates will need to compete in the global job market. Tutors not only teach but also provide support and guidance. As a result, international students have a very low dropout rate and a very high pass rate.

It is very simple to become an international student in the UK. The British Council offers a free service to anyone who is interested in studying in the UK, and an organization called UCAS assists young people in finding a course and making an effective application.

British students are keen on sports, especially football and boating. The whole world knows of the traditional Oxford-Cambridge boat race held on the Thames. Social life is highly developed at British Universities. The students edit University newspapers, take part in various amateur theatricals and enjoy discussions in debating clubs.

Notes:

IELTS — International English Language Testing System. It measures ability to communicate in English across all four language skills: listening, reading, writing and speaking

UCAS — Universities Central Admissions System

1) Find at least 3 reasons in the text that make British Universities popular with international students. Compare them with your partner.

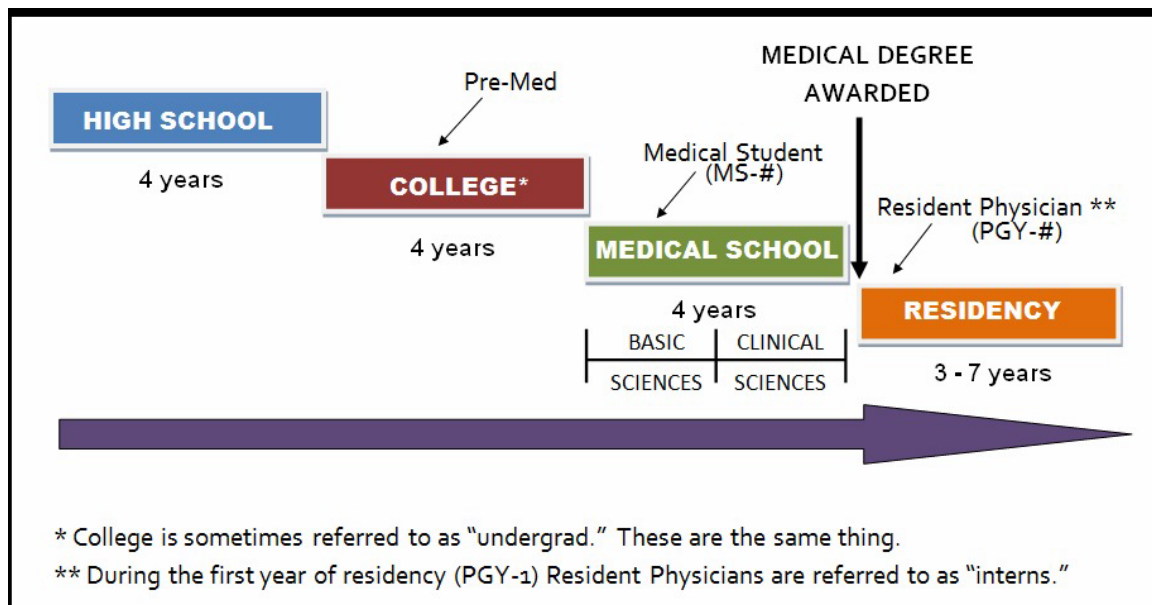
2) Answer the following questions:

1. Why do British Universities attract international students?
2. What are the main characteristic features of the British education system?
3. What do British Universities focus on in their educational process?
4. What is the role of the tutors?
5. What organizations assist young people in finding an appropriate course and preparing an effective application?

The academic year in Britain's universities has three terms which are from the beginning of October to the middle of December, from the middle of January to the end of March and from the middle of April to the end of June or the beginning of July, that is there are 10 weeks in each term.

In a Teacher's Training College students have examinations at the end of each term, i. e. (that is) at the end of the autumn, spring and summer terms. Final examinations are at the end of a course of studies.

Medical education in the USA



In the USA the young man who has the secondary education¹ must pass through seven or eight years of hard study before he begins his work as a doctor.

First he has three or four years of premedical training at a university. Here he learns the main sciences. Only those students who show good results in their premedical training can become candidates for higher medical education. Those who do not continue their education can work as nurses.

In the USA the young man who has the secondary education¹ must pass through seven or eight years of hard study before he begins his work as a doctor.

First he has three or four years of premedical training at a university. Here he learns the main sciences. Only those students who show good results in their premedical training can become candidates for higher medical education. Those who do not continue their education can work as nurses.

The higher medical education is difficult. The students must study four years in the medical faculty of the university. During the first two years the student masters laboratory sciences. To learn² the structure of the human body the student studies Anatomy. The student must get deep knowledge of biological chemistry because it is the basis for clinical laboratory diagnosis and therapy.

The student learns the functions of the body theoretically from books and by laboratory experiments in classes of Physiology.

In the USA the curriculum³ of medical faculties, has such a subject as Psychology which teaches the student to deal with patients⁴ and understand human behaviour (поведение).

The student learns all other theoretical subjects such as Pharmacology and Pathologic Physiology before he begins to treat a patient.

In his third and fourth years the student gets instruction and practical experience in the treatment and care of the patient. During these years the student has the possibility to work at the hospital and learn much of main medical procedures and different diseases to be well prepared for his work.

4. Find the differences between the systems of preparation of doctors in the USA, the UK and Belarus (Найдите различия в медицинском образовании в Республике Беларусь и странах изучаемого языка).

Домашнее задание:

Speak about medical education in the USA, the UK and Belarus (Расскажите о различиях в медицинском образовании в Республике Беларусь и странах изучаемого языка).

[1], с.30 упр.28, с.54 упр.20